# Alzheimer's Therapy – Lecanemab is NOT for everyone What are my options in Hawaii?



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## Disclosure: Kore Liow, MD

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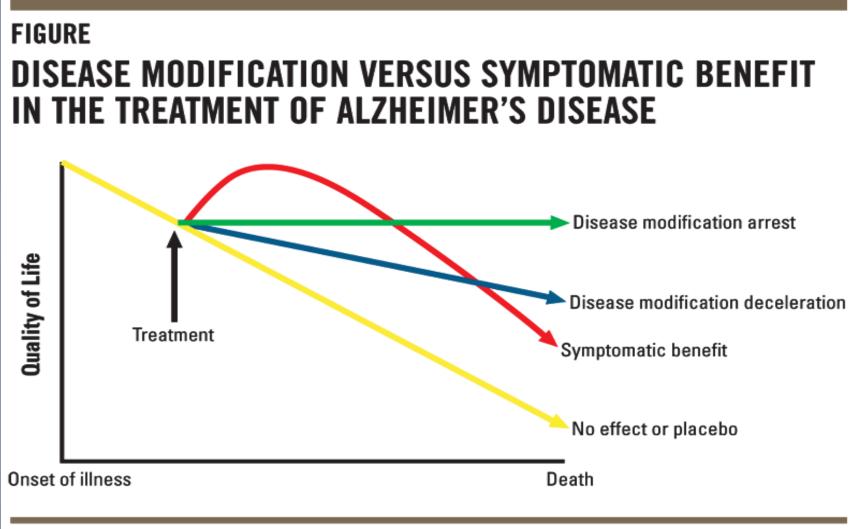
NIH, NINDS, CDC, T3D, Athira, Takeda, UCB, NovoNordisk, Ipsen, Avanir, Ra Pharma, Sanofi, Novartis, Praxis, Annovis, Merck, NeuroDerm, Cerevel, Acadia, Biogen, Idorsia, Eisai, Xenon, SK Lifescience, Axsome, Engage, Livanova, Neurelis, Longboard, Jazz, NLS, Cyclerion, Takeda, Engrail Therapeutic, Longboard, Prothena, Athira, Eli Lilly, NLS, Sage Therapeutics

#### **Editorial:**

Guest Editor -Neurology International, ACP Smart Medicine Reviewer -Neurology, Clinical Practice, Epilepsia etc

NIH - Review Study Section, Grant Review Panel Member for NINDS CDC - Advisory & Review Panel

### Why all the excitement? How are they different?



Disease Modifying Treatments (Targeting Biology)

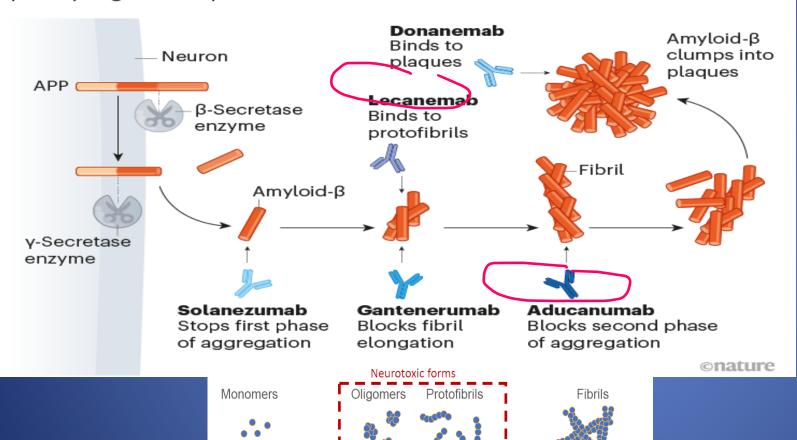
VS

Symptomatic Treatments
(Treat Symptoms)
Donepezil (Aricpet)
Rivastigmine (Exelon)
Galantamine (Razadyne)
Memantine (Namenda)
Namzaric (Combo)

Kennedy GJ. Primary Psychiatry. Vol 14, No 11. 2007.

#### ANTIBODIES AGAINST AMYLOID

Several clinical trials are testing whether drugs called monoclonal antibodies can stem the symptoms of Alzheimer's by preventing the toxic clumping of amyloid- $\beta$  proteins. This process starts when enzymes cleave the amyloid precursor protein (APP). Amyloid- $\beta$  proteins elongate into fibrils and then nucleate into plaques. All of the drugs bind to amyloid- $\beta$ , but their primary targets in the process are different.



9 – 75 kDa

>75 - 5000 kDa

Strongest binding

Insoluble

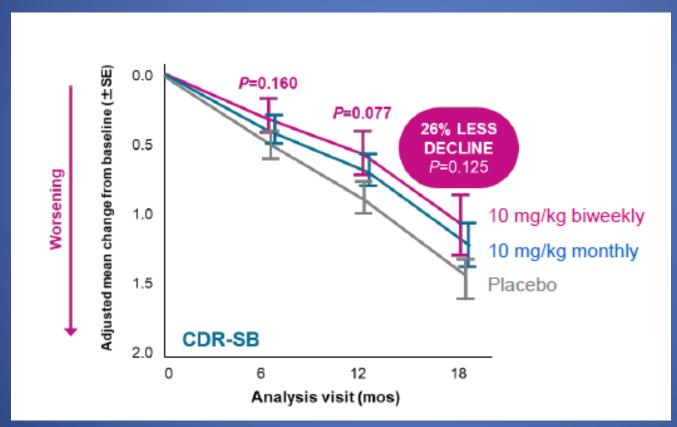
**Monoclonal Antibody** 

Aducanumab (Aduhelm) 2021

Lecanemab (Leqembi) 2023

Credit: Nik Spencer/Nature

# What are the Results? Memory Improved? CDR-SB: Lecanemab 26%



CDR Sum-of-Boxes score (CDR-SB), an 18-point scale measuring cognition (memory, orientation, judgment, and problem solving) and function (community affairs, home and hobbies, personal care)

# 17% has ARIA Amyloid Related Imaging Abnormality

Amyloid-related imaging abnormalities (ARIA)

# ARIA refers to radiographic abnormalities observed with anti-Aβ antibodies

- ARIA-Edema (ARIA-E) refers to brain vasogenic edema or sulcal effusion
- ARIA-Hemorrhage (ARIA-H) refers to brain microhemorrhages or localized superficial siderosis

ARIA may result from increased cerebrovascular permeability as a consequence of antibody binding to deposited AB

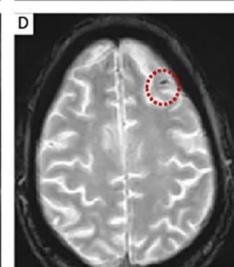
Barakos, L. Purcell, D., Suhy, J. et al. Detection and Management

Barakos, J., Purcell, D., Suhy, J. et al. Detection and Management of Amyloid-Related Imaging Abnormalities in Patients with Alzheimer's Disease Treated with Anti-Amyloid Beta Therapy. J Prev Alzheimers Dis 9, 211–220 (2022). https://doi.org/10.14283/jpad.2022.21

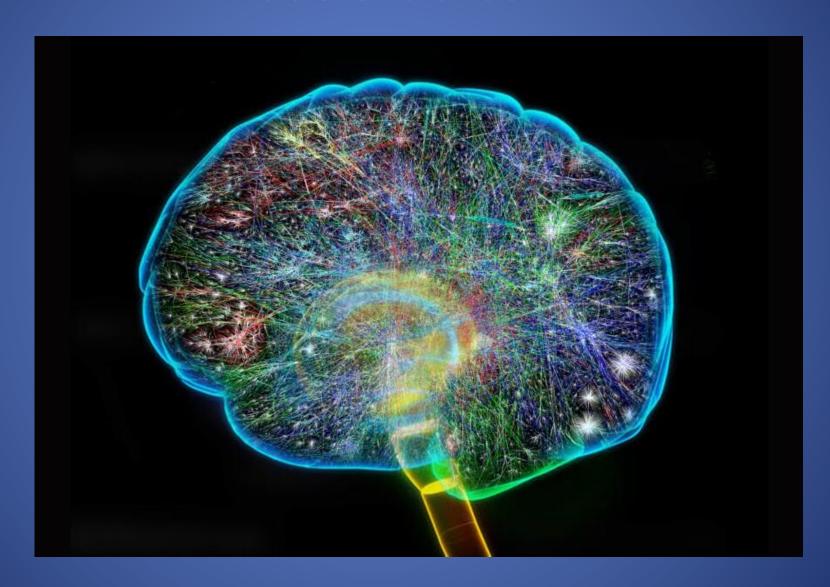








## Case Studies



### Mr Vascular

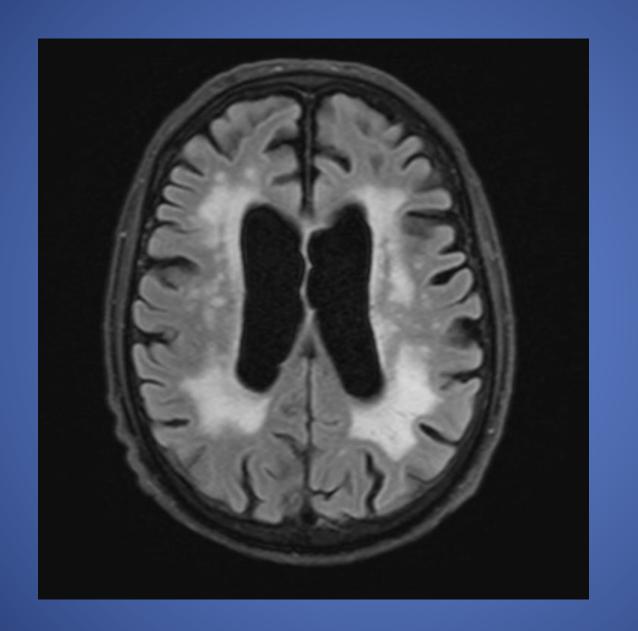
- 71 retired engineer
- Hypertension
- Prediabetic

**MMSE 23** 

E4/E4

#### MRI noted

- Significant small vessel disease
- Chronic small lacunar infarcts cerebellar
- Cerebral amyloid angiopathy



## ARIA – Dose, E4 Risk, Asymptomatic - headache

Anti-amyloid antibody	ApoE genotype	Incidence of ARIA-E (%)	Incidence of ARIA-H/siderosis (%)
Aducanumab (35)	ε4/ε4	64	41/33
	ε4/-	36	17/14
	-/-	20	12/6
Lecanemab (3)	ε4 positive	14.3	13.1
	ε4 negative	8.0	4.6
Donanemab (5)	ε4/ε4	44.0	
	ε4/-	30.0	19.8/17.6 (all
	-/-	11.1	genotypes)
Gantenerumab (105 mg) (6)	ε4/ε4	10.7	32.0
	ε4/-	5.4	19.8
	-/-	1.8	12.3
Gantenerumab (225 mg) (6)	ε4/ε4	?	?
	ε4/-	15.0	19.4
	-/-	11.0	11.0

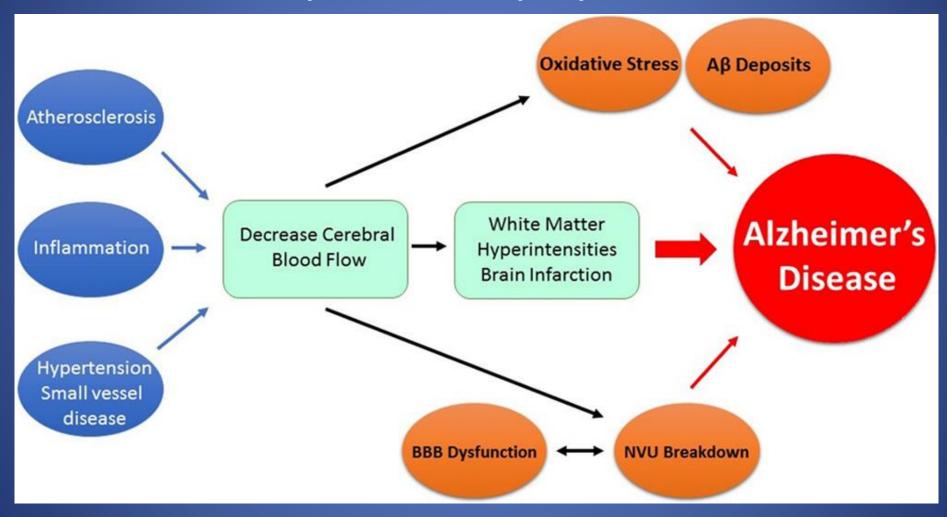
Incidence of ARIA-E and -H by ApoE genotype. ARIA-E and -H may have occurred concurrently in some individuals. [?] indicates data not available.

Sign/Symptom	Aducanumab (2)	Lecanemab (4)	Donanemab (5)	Gantenerumab (6)
Headache (%)	13	12.5	7.6	9.6–12.5
Dizziness (%)	4	8.3	8.4	7.7-10.4
Confusion/altered mental status (%)	5	?	?	?
Visual disturbance/eye disorders (%)	2	?	?	5.9–8.8
Nausea (%)	2	8.3	10.7	?
New onset seizure(s) (%)	?	?	?	?

Signs/symptoms of ARIA by antibody ranked by incidence. Incidence is presented as a percentage of symptomatic patients within the total number of patients with the observation of ARIA. [?] indicates data not available.

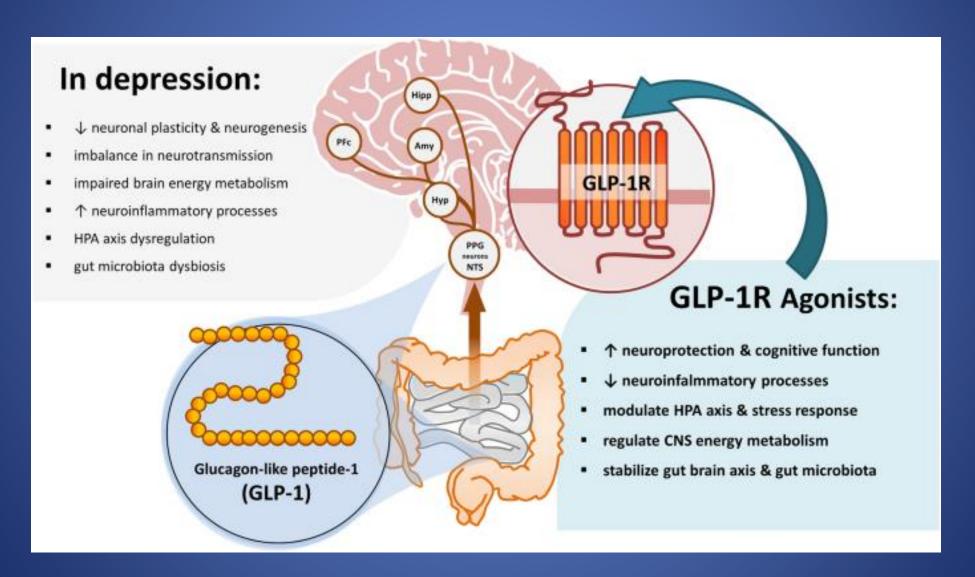
Withington CG, Turner RS. Amyloid-Related Imaging Abnormalities With Anti-amyloid Antibodies for the Treatment of Dementia Due to Alzheimer's Disease. Front Neurol. 2022 Mar 23;13:862369. doi: 10.3389/fneur.2022.862369. PMID: 35401412; PMCID: PMC8985815.

# Glucose metabolism, Inflammation, oxidative stress results in Vascular Dysfunction plays a role in AD



Getting to the Heart of Alzheimer Disease Joshua M. Tublin<sup>\*</sup>, Jeremy M. Adelstein<sup>\*</sup>, Federica del Monte, Colin K. Combs, and Loren E. Wold Circulation Research Volume 124, Issue 1, 4 January 2019; Pages 142-149

### EVOKE Study NIH NCT 04777396 GLP-1R (Glucagon-like Peptide-1 Receptor) Agonists



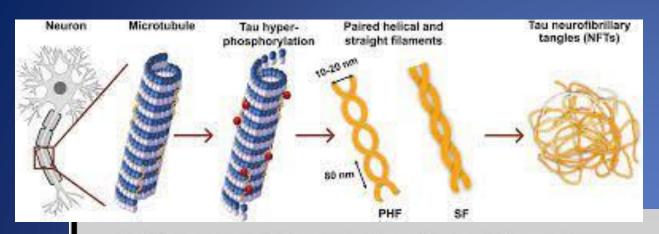
### Mrs. Blood Thinner

66 yo retired reporter

- History of DVT while flying
- Takes Xarelto when travelling

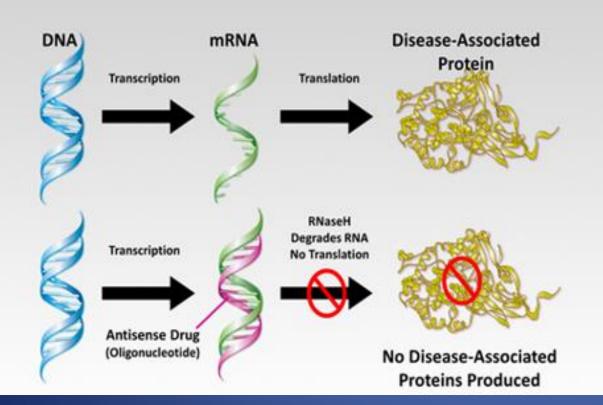
- MMSE 25
- E2/E3

MRI disproportional atrophy



### Phase 1b/2 BII080- CELIA 247 AD201 Site 1030 – HI Mem Ctr MMSE > 22

**Antisense Oligonucleotide Therapy** 



TAU ASO (Antisense Oligonucleotide) Therapy -binds to & reduce MAPT (Microtubule associated protein Tau) mRNA

(-) Translation of Tau Proteins expression

Intrathecal Q 3 months

### Mr Moderate Dementia

- 83 yo retired Japanese Teacher
- Forgetful since age 77
- E2/E2
- MRI: Significant diffuse cortical atrophy medial temporal

MMSE 13

# NIH Funded Phase 2 ATH 1017 Synaptic Plasticity

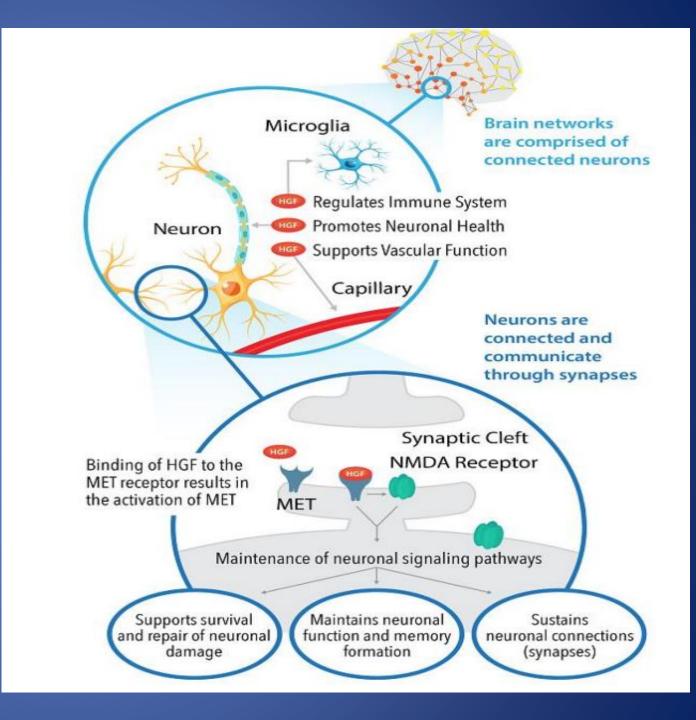
Site 151 – Hawaii Memory Ctr MMSE 14-24

Regulates Neural Immunity and Inflammation

ATH 1017 enhance
 HGF/MET (Hepatic Growth
 factor/ Receptor Tyrosine
 Kinase)

SQ Daily

https://investors.athira.com/static-files/efb2f854-d09c-4fa0-9b49-a2ab56fe0585



### Ms Outer Island

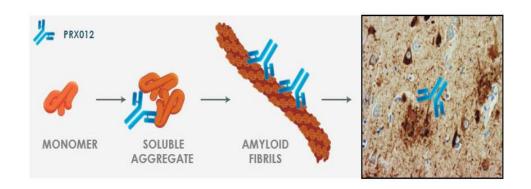
• 67 yo Scientist working in Kona

 Do not want to Travel to Oahu every other week

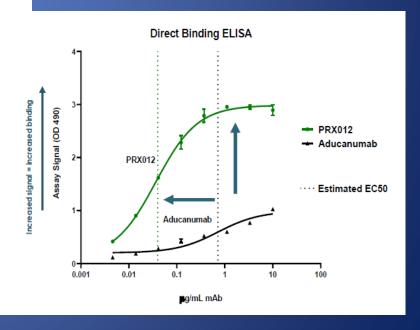
- MMSE 27
- E3/E4

- MRI disproportional parietotemporal atrophy
- Biomarker: Amyloid + CSF

# Phase 1-Next Generation Amyloid Target? PRX 0012 -SQ Delivery, Site 01 – Hawaii Mem Ctr



- PRX012 is a novel high affinity humanized immunoglobulin class G1 (IgG1) monoclonal antibody targetin at the N-terminus
- Evidence indicates that clearance of  $A\beta$  plaques is necessary to slow clinical decline in AD
- Neutralization of soluble aggregates might provide incremental efficacy, but is not sufficient (e.g., solanezumab, crenezumab)



# Mr. Agitated

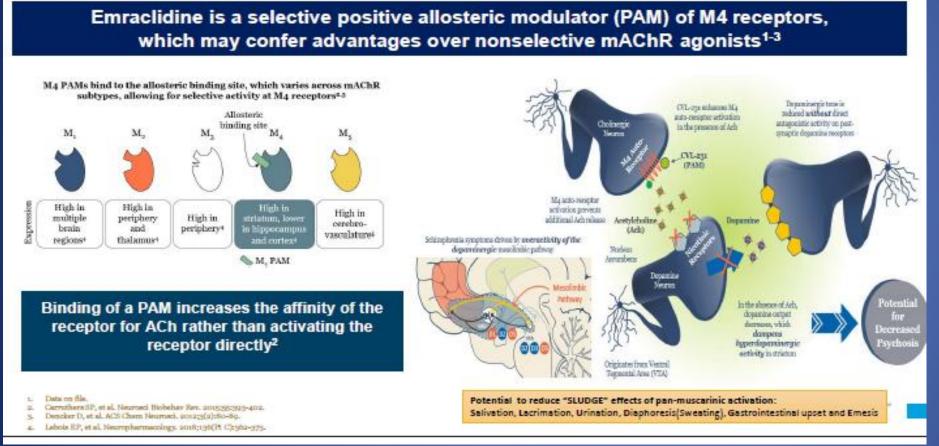
• 88 yo

• MMSE 15

Prominent agitation symptoms

Currently on Memantine

Phase 1, Randomized, Placebo-controlled Trial to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, and Pharmacokinetics of Emraclidine Following Multiple Oral Doses in Participants With Dementia Due to Alzheimer's Disease



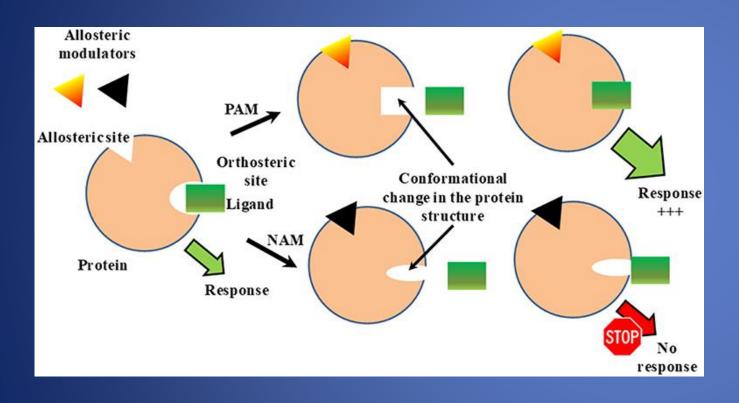
Age 50-90
MMSE 8-26
On Treatment
with
Cholinesterase
inhibitor or
memantine

## Mrs Sleepy, Disinterested

- 77 yo female
- Lives at care facility
- Diagnosed with Alzheimer's

- MMSE 20
- Disinterested
- Sleepy

# Randomized, Double-Blinded Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Mevidalen in Patients with Alzheimer's Disease



- Dopaminergic drug for PD,
   LBD & Sleepiness, Depression
- Positive Allosteric Modulator of D1 receptor
- Crosses Blood brain barrier
- Wake promoting

- Age 50-80
- MMSE 13-24

## Summary

- 1. Lecanemab approved for MCI, Mild AD, MMSE > 22, Biomarker positive
- 2. Some patients may not be suitable and at higher risk for ARIA
  - 1. On anticoagulants,
  - 2. ApoE4E4
  - 3. MRI findings of Cerebral amyloid angiopathy
- 3. Consider other options
  - 1. Bioenergetics or Glucose metabolism
  - 2. Tau Targeting Therapies like ASO Therapies
  - 3. Synaptic Plasticity Therapies
  - 4. Next generation Amyloid Therapies
  - 5. Geared towards symptoms agitation, sleepiness



**MEMORY CTR** 



Memory Disorders Center 808-261-4476 Alzheimer's Research Unit 808-564-6141

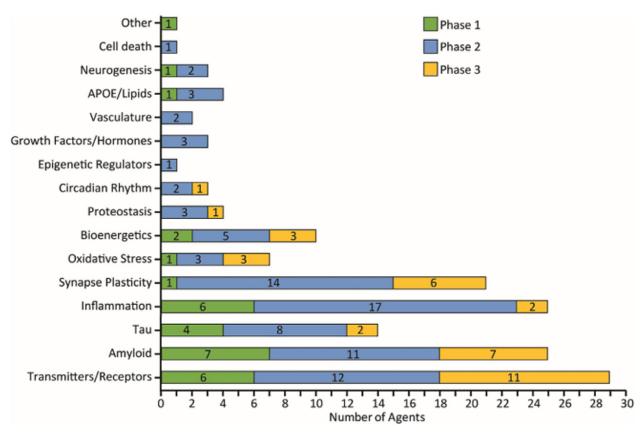
#### **REVIEW ARTICLE**

Translational Research Clinical Interventions

#### Alzheimer's disease drug development pipeline: 2023

Jeffrey Cummings<sup>1,4</sup> | Yadi Zhou<sup>2</sup> | Garam Lee<sup>3</sup> | Kate Zhong<sup>1,4</sup> | Jorge Fonseca<sup>5</sup> Feixiong Cheng<sup>2,5,6</sup>

Cummings J, Zhou Y, Lee G, Zhong K, Fonseca J, Cheng F. Alzheimer's disease drug development pipeline: 2023. Alzheimers Dement (N Y). 2023 May 25;9(2):e12385. doi: 10.1002/trc2.12385.



**FIGURE 4** Mechanisms of action of all agents in all phases of clinical trials grouped according to the Common Alzheimer's Disease Research Ontology (CADRO). *APOE*, apolipoproein E. (Figure © J Cummings; M de la Flor, PhD, Illustrator).

#### **Clinical & Research Faculty**

Kore Liow, MD, Neurology (Director)

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Paul Smith, MD, Lifestyle Med. & Wellness

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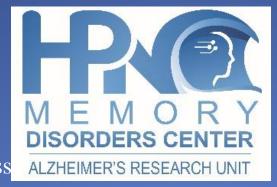
Qi Zhi, MPH, DNP, Neurology

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Young Kim, MD, Neuroradiology

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BRITL (Brain Research, Innovation and Translation Lab) Research Students



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